Cytoplasm: Gel-like substance. Inside cells that hold organelles Endoplasmic Reticulum:
Aids in transporting
material in the cell

Centriole: Help in cell

division

Ribosomes: Assists in protein synthesis (putting together proteins)

Golgi Bodies: Help
package materials to
transport in/ out of the

cell

Vacuole: Storage Centers

Chloroplast: *plant cell ONLY* where photosynthesis occurs

Mitochondria: the "powerhouse" of the cell. Food is transformed into useable energy

Nucleus: "the brain" or control center— Where DNA is stored

Cell Membrane: Acts as a screen/ filter allowing only certain molecules into/ out of the cell

Cell Wall: Protection/
Structure for plant cell
plant cell ONLY

Animal Cell

- •Cluster/ circular in shape
- Centrioles
- •Small vacuoles
- •Cellular respiration

Both:

- Nucleus
- Mitochondria
- Golgi bodies
- •Endoplasmic Reticulum
- •Cell membrane
- Ribosomes
- •Contain DNA & cytoplasm
- •Need H20
- Replicate
- •Basic building block of life

Plant Cell

- Chloroplasts & Cell Wall
- More "box-like" structure
- Uses photosynthesis to convert sun and water into useable energy
- •Large vacuole